

Introduction

“Baja SAE challenges engineering students to design and build an off-road vehicle that will survive the severe punishment of rough terrain and in some competitions, water. ... Each team's goal is to design and build a prototype of an all-weather, rugged, single-seat, off road recreational vehicle intended for sale to the nonprofessional weekend off-road enthusiast.” — bjasae.net

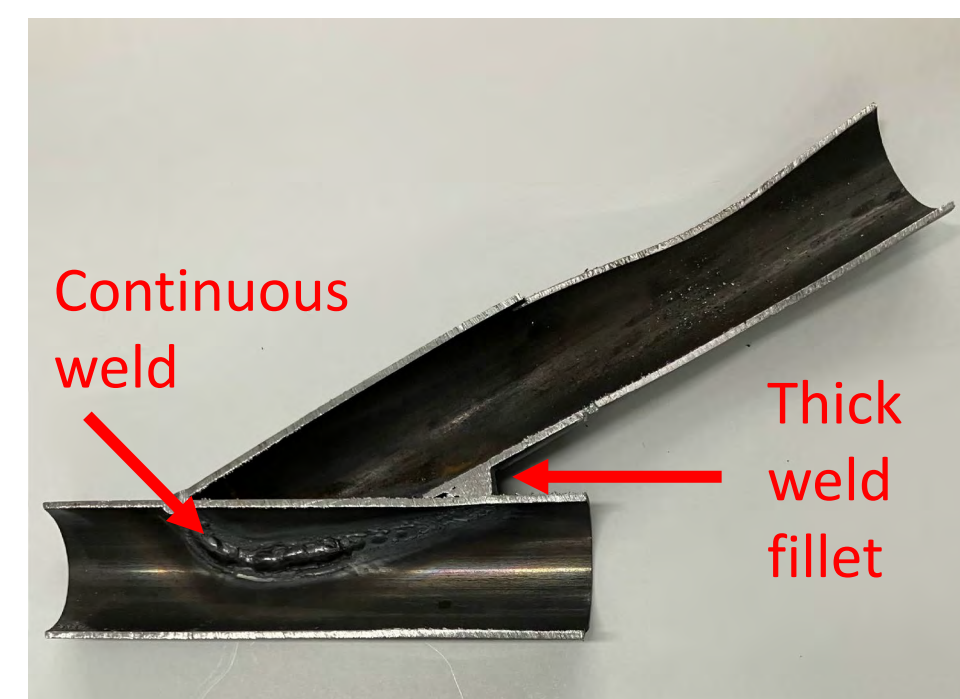
Objectives:

Design, analyze, and manufacture a roll-cage that promotes safety, comfort, and complies with the 2025 Baja SAE ruleset.

Design Metrics

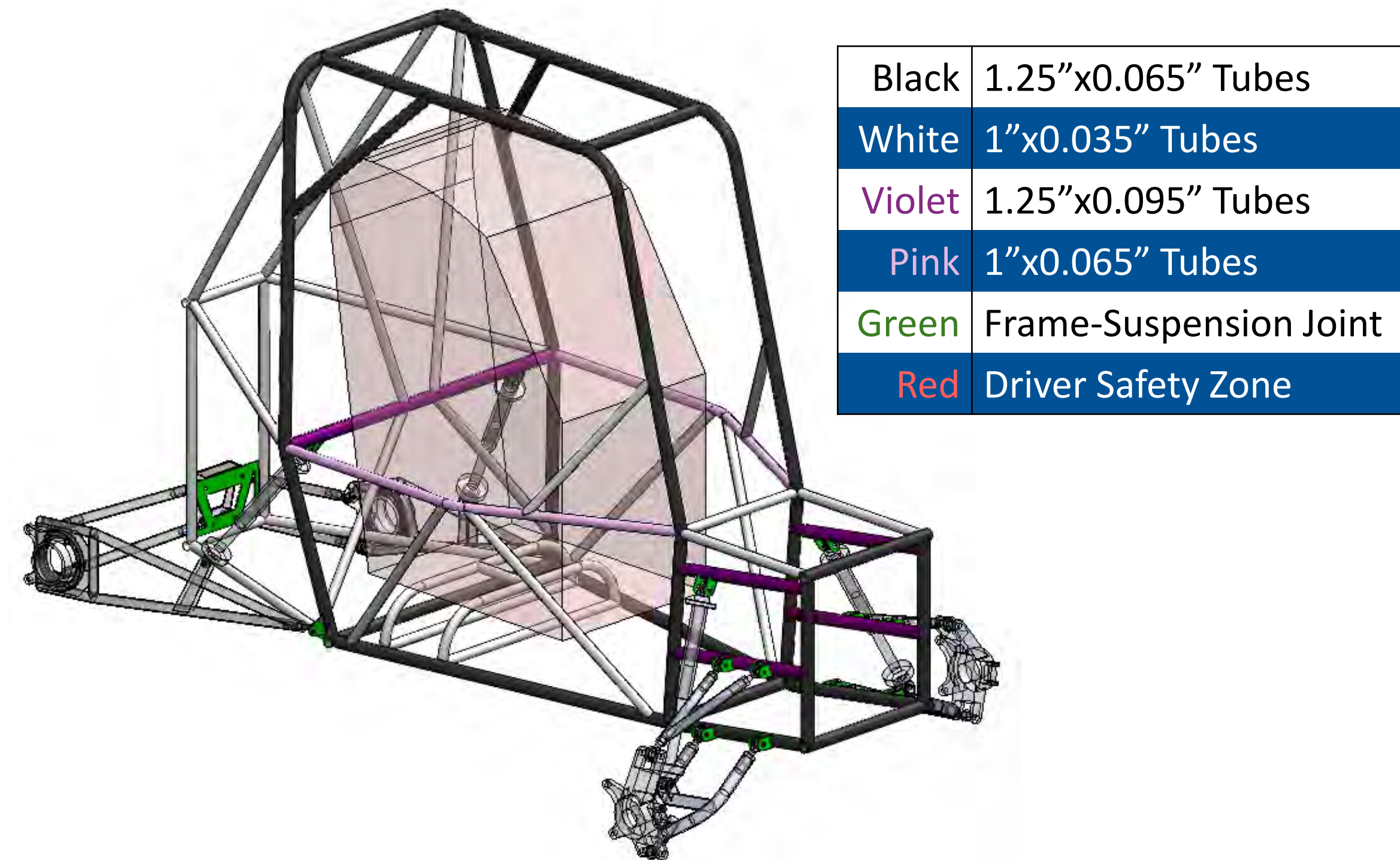
Metric	Units	Target Value	Actual Value
Frame is lightweight	kg	< 30	36
Weld is stronger than base metal yield strength	MPa	> 703	> 1015
Weld fillet is thicker than tube material	in	> 0.065	> 0.065
Weld bead is continuous	binary	yes	Yes
Frame does not yield when loaded under 5G of deceleration	MPa	< 703	335
Frame deformation does not cross the safety zone	mm	< 30 = min. clearance	8.5

Weld Quality Testing



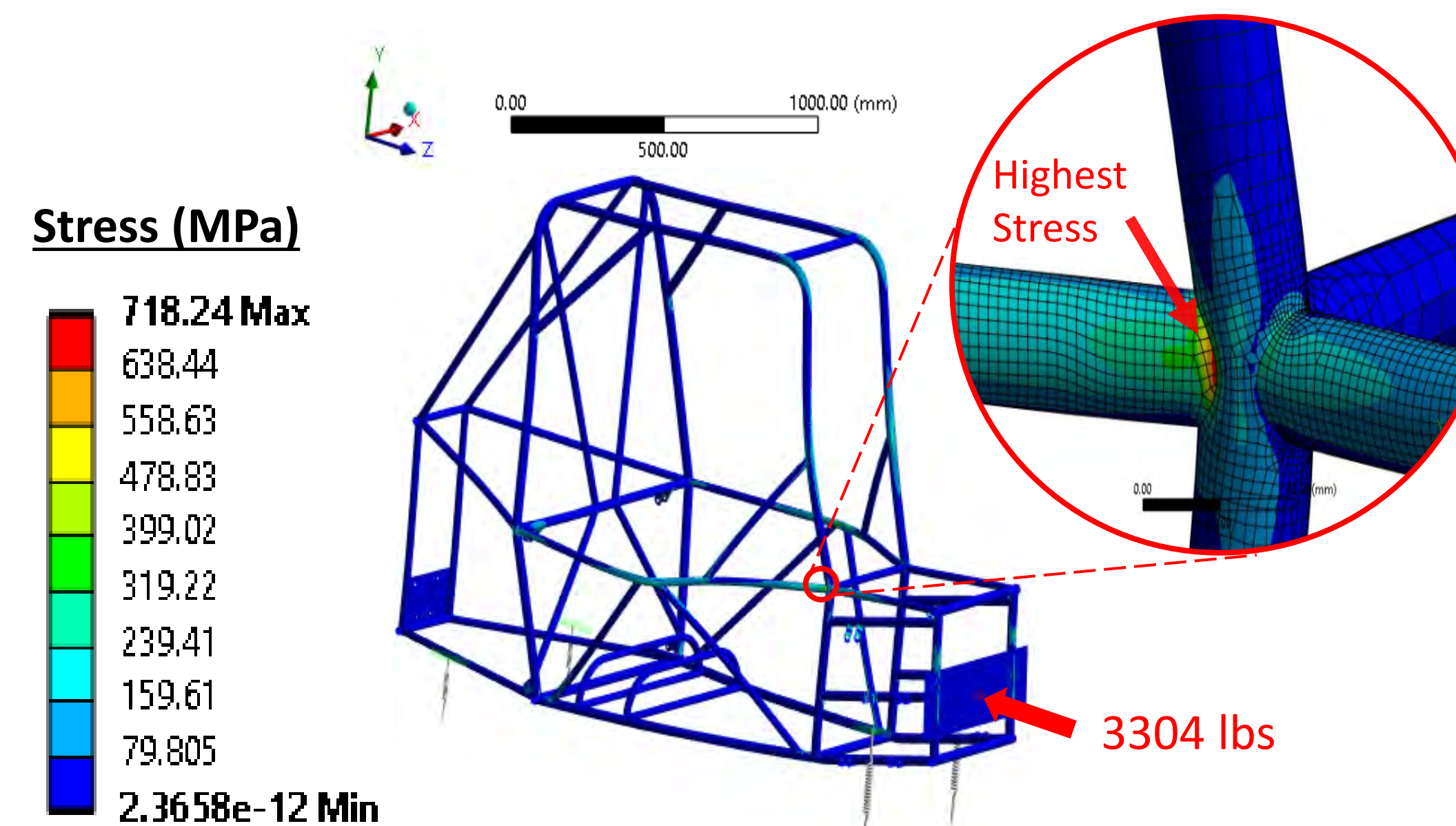
- 90-degree sample: failed occurs outside of weld under bending, meaning the weld is stronger than the base metal.
- 30-degree sample: weld fillets are thicker than the tube thickness and the weld line is continuous, meaning the welding technique is of good quality.

ROPS Model



Designed roll-cage following the 2025 SAE Baja Rules. Worked with the suspension, auxiliary, and power train teams to ensure their subsystems are accommodated.

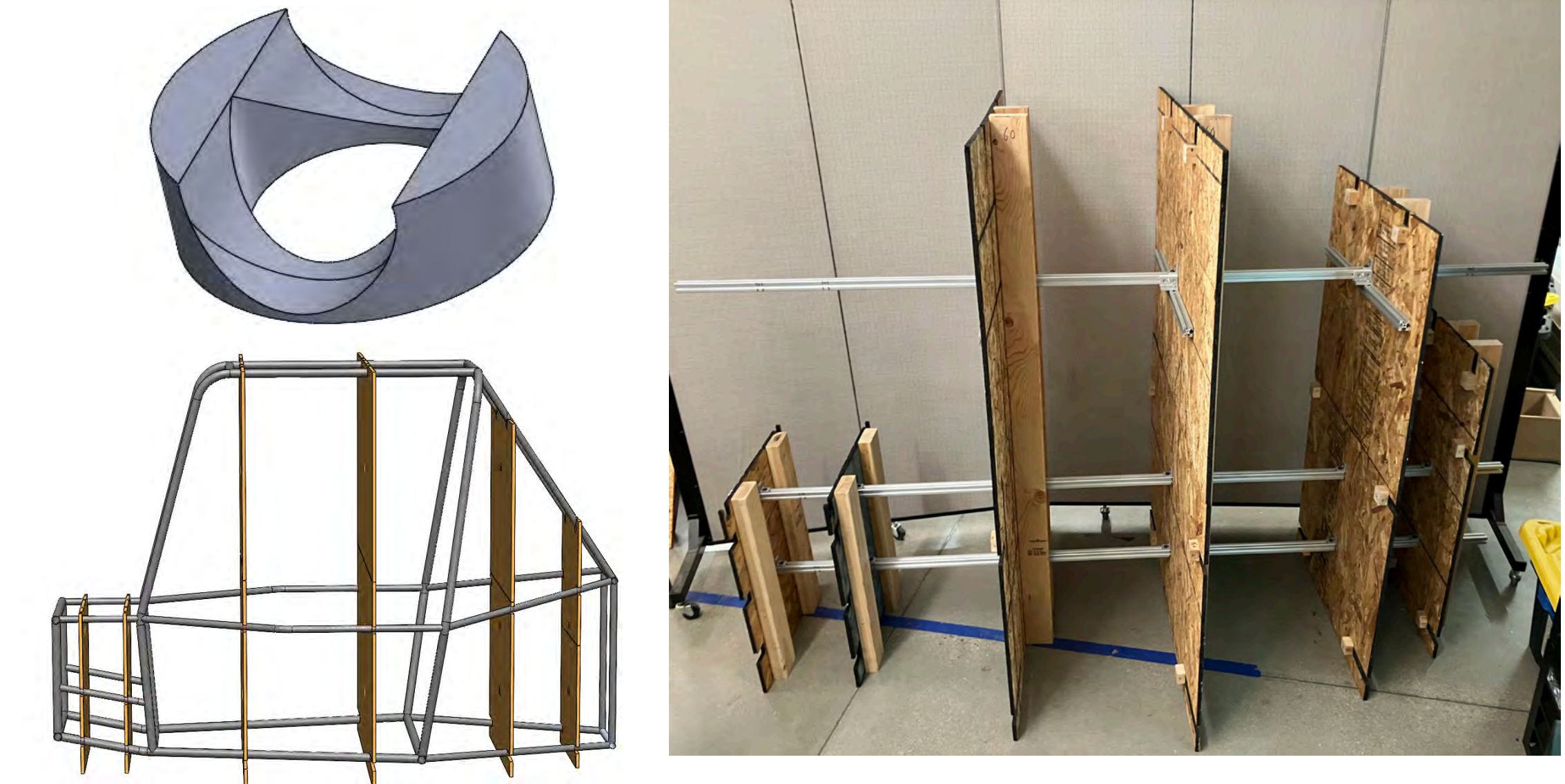
Finite Element Analysis



A frontal crash was modeled as a static structural analysis. The frame sufficiently protects the driver, with a safety factor of 2.

- Used push plate to model crashing surface (e.g. wall, toe-box).
- Suspension modeled as a longitudinal spring where all suspension-frame connections are rigidly, remotely attached.
- Applied load estimated as a 5G deceleration during a crash for a 300 kg (661 lbs) vehicle.
- Converged at 2.5 mm mesh refinement.
- The max. von Mises stress was 334 MPa.
- The max. displacement was 8.5 mm.

Manufacturing Jigs



Cutting and welding jigs were developed using affordable materials such as 3D printing PLA, laser cut OBS, 2x4s, and 80/20 aluminum extrusions to aid in manufacturing the roll-cage.

- The cutting jig aids in making welding copes with difficult angles.
- The welding jig aids in manufacturing by removing human alignment error and reducing heat-related deformation.

Conclusion

Our objectives, other than manufacturing, were achieved.

- Welding quality testing ensured that the welding techniques used on the roll-cage will offer sufficient strength
- The FEA ensured that the roll-cage will offer safety to the driver, where a safety factor of 2 is predicted during frontal impact.
- Manufacturing jigs were designed and built to ease the future coping cuts and welding of the roll-cage.

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Future Work

The roll-cage still needs to be manufactured; including coping cuts, tube bending, and welding. Future work will be taken over by the Power-Train and Auxiliary teams, which will add their subsystems as well as suspension from this year's team.

- The completed vehicle will participate in the SAE Baja competition in May 2025.
- Join the U of U SAE Baja Club to participate!